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1. Identification

1.1. Product identifier

Product Identity 47-860021-000 GS-Pinsetter Gray Touch up Paint

Alternate Names GS Pinsetter Gray

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended useSee Technical Data Sheet.Application MethodSee Technical Data Sheet.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company Name Brunswick Bowling Products, LLC

525 W. Laketon Ave. Muskegon, MI 49441 USA

Emergency

24 hour Emergency Telephone No. US: 1-800-255-3924

International: +01-813-248-0585

Customer Service: Brunswick Bowling & Billiards 231-725-4966

2. Hazard(s) identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Flam. Gas 1;H220 Extremely flammable gas.

Press. Gas;H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

Acute Tox. 4;H332 Harmful if inhaled.
Skin Irrit. 2;H315 Causes skin irritation.

Eye Irrit. 2;H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

STOT SE 3;H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT RE 2;H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Specific Target

Organs: (hearing organs)

Simple Asphyxiant May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

2.2. Label elements

Using the Toxicity Data listed in section 11 and 12 the product is labeled as follows.



Danger

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H220 Extremely flammable gas.

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H336 May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

[Prevention]:

P210 Keep away from heat / sparks / open flames / hot surfaces - No smoking.

P261 Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapors / spray.

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.

[Response]:

P302+352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P304+312 IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor / physician if you feel unwell.

P305+351+338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do - continue rinsing.

P314 Get Medical advice / attention if you feel unwell.

P321 Specific treatment (see information on this label).

P332+313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice / attention.

P337+313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice / attention.

P340 Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

P377 Leaking gas fire - do not extinguish unless leak can be stopped safely.

P381 Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

[Storage]:

P403+233 Store in a well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

P410 Protect from sunlight.

[Disposal]:

P501 Dispose of contents / container in accordance with local / national regulations.

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3. Composition/information on ingredients

This product contains the following substances that present a hazard within the meaning of the relevant State and Federal Hazardous Substances regulations.

Ingredient/Chemical Designations	Weight %	GHS Classification	Notes
Acetone CAS Number: Proprietary	25 - 50	Flam. Liq. 2;H225 Eye Irrit. 2;H319 STOT SE 3;H336	[1][2]
Propane CAS Number: 0000074-98-6	10 - 25	Flam. Gas 1;H220 Press. Gas;H280	[1][2]
Xylene CAS Number: 0001330-20-7	10 - 25	Flam. Liq. 3;H226 Acute Tox. 4;H332 Acute Tox. 4;H312 Skin Irrit. 2;H315	[1][2]
Butane CAS Number: 0000106-97-8	1.0 - 10	Flam. Gas 1;H220 Press. Gas;H280 Simple Asphyxiant	[1][2]
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate CAS Number: 0000108-65-6	1.0 - 10	Flam. Liq. 3;H226	[1]
Ethyl Benzene CAS Number: 0000100-41-4	1.0 - 10	Flam. Liq. 2;H225 Acute Tox. 4;H332 STOT RE 2;H373 Asp. Tox. 1;H304	[1][2]
Titanium dioxide CAS Number: 0013463-67-7	1.0 - 10	Not Classified	[1][2]

In accordance with paragraph (i) of §1910.1200, the specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air, keep patient warm and at rest. If breathing is irregular or stopped, give

artificial respiration. If unconscious place in the recovery position and obtain immediate

medical attention. Give nothing by mouth.

Eyes Irrigate copiously with clean water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart and

seek medical attention.

Skin Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use a

recognized skin cleanser.

Ingestion If swallowed obtain immediate medical attention. Keep at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

^[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard.

^[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit.

^[3] PBT-substance or vPvB-substance.

^{*}The full texts of the phrases are shown in Section 16.

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4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Overview Inhalation: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by

inhalation. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Prolonged

inhalation may be harmful.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation. **Eye contact:** Causes serious eye irritation. **Ingestion:** Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics: Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Exposure to solvent vapor concentrations from the component solvents in excess of the stated occupational exposure limits may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms include headache, nausea, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme

cases, loss of consciousness.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dryness, irritation and possible non-allergic contact dermatitis. Solvents may also be absorbed through the skin. Splashes of liquid in the eyes may cause irritation

and soreness with possible reversible damage. See section 2 for further details.

Inhalation Harmful if inhaled. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Eyes Causes serious eye irritation.

Skin Causes skin irritation.

5. Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Hazardous decomposition: Oxides of Carbon

Keep away from heat / sparks / open flames / hot surfaces - No smoking.

Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapors / spray.

5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. For massive fire in cargo area, use unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles, if possible. If not,

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withdraw and let fire burn out. In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Do not move cargo or vehicle if cargo has been exposed to heat.

In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

ERG Guide No. ----

6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Keep out of low areas. Many gases are heavier than air and will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Emergency personnel need self-contained breathing equipment.

Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame. During fire, gases

6.2. Environmental precautions

hazardous to health may be formed.

Do not allow spills to enter drains or waterways.

Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Prevent product from entering drains. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Refer to attached safety data sheets and/or instructions for use. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Move the cylinder to a safe and open area if the leak is irreparable. Isolate area until gas has dispersed

Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

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7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Avoid prolonged exposure. Do not re-use empty containers.

See section 2 for further details. - [Prevention]:

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS). Store locked up. Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122 °F. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Store in a well-ventilated place. Secure cylinders in an upright position at all times, close all valves when not in use. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Level 2 Aerosol.

Incompatible materials: Strong acids. Acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Nitrates. Halogens. Fluorine. Chlorine. See section 2 for further details. - [Storage]:

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.

8. Exposure controls and personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure

CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value
Proprietary	Acetone	OSHA	TWA 1000 ppm (2400 mg/m3)STEL 2400 mg/m3
		ACGIH	TWA: 500 ppm STEL: 750 ppm
		NIOSH	250 ppm (590 mg/m3) TWA
		Supplier	No Established Limit
0000074-98-6	Propane	OSHA	TWA 1000 ppm (1800 mg/m3)
		ACGIH	Ensure Minimal Oxygen Content (ACGIH appendix F)
		NIOSH	TWA 1000 ppm (1800 mg/m3)

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		Supplier	No Established Limit
0000100-41-4 Ethyl Benzene		OSHA	TWA 100 ppm (435 mg/m3)STEL 125 ppm
		ACGIH	TWA: 20 ppm2B, Revised 2011,
		NIOSH	TWA 100 ppm (435 mg/m3) ST 125 ppm (545 mg/m3)
		Supplier	No Established Limit
0000106-97-8	Butane	OSHA	No Established Limit
		ACGIH	TWA: 600 ppm STEL: 750 ppm
		NIOSH	TWA 800 ppm (1900 mg/m3)
		Supplier	No Established Limit
0000108-65-6	Propylene glycol monomethyl ether	OSHA	No Established Limit
acetate	acetate	ACGIH	TWA: 50 ppm STEL: 75 ppm
	NIOSH	No Established Limit	
	Supplier	No Established Limit	
0001330-20-7	Xylene	OSHA	STEL 150 ppm
		ACGIH	TWA: 100 ppm STEL: 150 ppm
		NIOSH	No Established Limit
		Supplier	No Established Limit
0013463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	OSHA	TWA 15 mg/m3
		ACGIH	TWA: 10 mg/m32B, Revised 2006,
		NIOSH	Footnote ca
		Supplier	No Established Limit

Carcinogen Data

CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value		
Proprietary Acetone	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No			
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No		
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;		
0000074-98-6	Propane	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No		
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No		
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;		
0000100-41-4 Ethyl Benzene	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No			
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No		
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: Yes; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;		
		OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No		
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No		
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;		
0000108-65-6	Propylene glycol monomethyl ether	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No		
	acetate	NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No		
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;		

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0001330-20-7	Xylene	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No	
		NTP Known: No; Suspected: No		
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: Yes; Group 4: No;	
0013463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	OSHA	HA Select Carcinogen: No	
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No	
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: Yes; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;	

8.2. Exposure controls

Respiratory If permissible levels are exceeded use NIOSH mechanical filter / organic vapor cartridge or

an air-supplied respirator.

Eyes Safety goggles or safety glasses with side shields. Full face protection should be used if

the potential for splashing or spraying of product exists. Safety showers and eye wash

stations should be available.

Skin Hands: Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended

by the glove supplier

Other: Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.

Engineering Controls Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation

rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when

handling this product.

Other Work Practices Thermal hazards: Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary. Use

good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using

toilet. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

See section 2 for further details. - [Prevention]:

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance Liquified Gas

Odor Unknown

Odor threshold Not determined

pH Not Measured

Melting point / freezing point -305.68 F(-187.6 C)

Initial boiling point and boiling range -305.68 F (-187.6C)

Flash Point -156 F (-104.4 C)

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Evaporation rate (Ether = 1) Flammability (solid, gas)

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Vapor pressure (Pa) Vapor Density Specific Gravity Solubility in Water

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)

Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature

Viscosity (cSt) VOC Content Density

Heat of combustion

% Volatile

9.2. Other information

No other relevant information.

Not Measured

Gas

Lower Explosive Limit: 1.9% Upper Explosive Limit: 12.8%

2373.6 hPa estimated.

Not Measured

.78

Not Measured Not Measured 550 F (287.78 C) Not Measured Not Measured

536.444928 g/l Regulatory

6.47 lbs/gal

26.52 kJ/g estimated

81%

10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Hazardous Polymerization will not occur.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal circumstances.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Heat. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids. Acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Nitrates. Halogens. Fluorine. Chlorine.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Oxides of Carbon

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11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Exposure to solvent vapor concentrations from the component solvents in excess of the stated occupational exposure limits may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms include headache, nausea, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dryness, irritation and possible non-allergic contact dermatitis. Solvents may also be absorbed through the skin. Splashes of liquid in the eyes may cause irritation and soreness with possible reversible damage.

Ingredient	Oral LD50, mg/kg	Skin LD50, mg/kg	Inhalation Vapor LC50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Dust/Mist LC50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Gas LC50, ppm
Acetone - (Proprietary)	5,800.00, Rat - Category: NA	7,426.00, Guinea Pig - Category: NA	76.00, Rat - Category: NA	50.10, Rat - Category: NA	No data available
Propane - (74-98-6)	No data available	No data available	658.00, Rat - Category: NA	No data available	No data available
Xylene - (1330-20-7)	4,299.00, Rat - Category: 5	1,548.00, Rabbit - Category: 4	No data available	20.00, Rat - Category: NA	5,000.00, Rat - Category: 4
Butane - (106-97-8)	No data available	No data available	658.00, Rat - Category: NA	No data available	No data available
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate - (108-65-6)	8,532.00, Rat - Category: NA	5,000.00, Rabbit - Category: 5	No data available	No data available	4,345.00, Rat - Category: NA
Ethyl Benzene - (100-41-4)	3,500.00, Rat - Category: 5	15,433.00, Rabbit - Category: NA	17.20, Rat - Category: 4	No data available	4,000.00, Rat - Category: NA
Titanium dioxide - (13463-67-7)	10,000.00, Rat - Category: NA	10,000.00, Rabbit - Category: NA	No data available	6.82, Rat - Category: NA	No data available

Note: When no route specific LD50 data is available for an acute toxin, the converted acute toxicity point estimate was used in the calculation of the product's ATE (Acute Toxicity Estimate).

Classification	Category	Hazard Description
Acute toxicity (oral)		Not Applicable
Acute toxicity (dermal)		Not Applicable
Acute toxicity (inhalation)	4	Harmful if inhaled.
Skin corrosion/irritation	2	Causes skin irritation.

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Serious eye damage/irritation	2	Causes serious eye irritation.
Respiratory sensitization		Not Applicable
Skin sensitization		Not Applicable
Germ cell mutagenicity		Not Applicable
Carcinogenicity		Not Applicable
Reproductive toxicity		Not Applicable
STOT-single exposure	3	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
STOT-single exposure		Not Applicable
STOT-repeated exposure	2	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Aspiration hazard		Not Applicable

12. Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Toxic to aquatic life

49.72% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 49.72% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

Aquatic Ecotoxicity

Ingredient	96 hr LC50 fish, mg/l	48 hr EC50 crustacea, mg/l	ErC50 algae, mg/l
Acetone - (Proprietary)	100.00, Pimephales promelas	10.00, Daphnia magna	20.565 (72 hr), Ulva pertusa
Propane - (74-98-6)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Xylene - (1330-20-7)	3.30, Oncorhynchus mykiss	8.50, Palaemonetes pugio	100.00 (72 hr), Chlorococcales
Butane - (106-97-8)	6.00, Fish (Piscis)	Not Available	Not Available
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate - (108-65-6)	100.00, Salmo gairdneri	500.00, Daphnia magna	Not Available
Ethyl Benzene - (100-41-4)	4.20, Oncorhynchus mykiss	2.93, Daphnia magna	3.60 (96 hr), Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata
Titanium dioxide - (13463-67-7)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

12.2. Persistence and degradability

There is no data available on the preparation itself.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow) ACETONE -0.24 ETHYLBENZENE 3.15 N-BUTANE 2.89

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PROPANE 2.36 TOLUENE 2.73 XYLENE 3.12 - 3.2

12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This product contains no PBT/vPvB chemicals.

12.6. Other adverse effects

No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site.

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).

Do not re-use empty containers. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

14. Transport information

DOT (Domestic Surface IMO / IMDG (Ocean ICAO/IATA **Transportation**) **Transportation**) 14.1. UN number UN1950 UN1950 Do not ship by air 14.2. UN proper UN1950, Aerosols, 2.1, Limited UN1950, Aerosols, 2.1, Limited shipping name Quantity 14.3. Transport hazard **DOT Hazard Class: 2.1 IMDG: 2.1** Air Class: class(es) 14.4. Packing group Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable

14.5. Environmental hazards

IMDG Marine Pollutant: No

14.6. Special precautions for user

No further information

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15. Regulatory information

Regulatory Overview The regulatory data in Section 15 is not intended to be all-inclusive, only selected

regulations are represented.

Toxic Substance All components of this material are either listed or exempt from listing on the TSCA

Control Act (TSCA) Inventory.

WHMIS Classification A B1 D2B

US EPA Tier II Hazards Fire: Yes

Sudden Release of Pressure: Yes

Reactive: No

Immediate (Acute): Yes Delayed (Chronic): Yes

EPCRA 311/312 Chemicals and RQs (lbs):

Acetone (5,000.00)

Ethyl Benzene (1,000.00)

Xylene (100.00)

EPCRA 302 Extremely Hazardous:

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

EPCRA 313 Toxic Chemicals:

Ethyl Benzene

Xylene

Proposition 65 - Carcinogens (>0.0%):

Carbon black

Ethyl Benzene

Quartz

Titanium dioxide

Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxins (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

Proposition 65 - Female Repro Toxins (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

Proposition 65 - Male Repro Toxins (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

New Jersey RTK Substances (>1%):

Acetone

Butane

Ethyl Benzene

Propane

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Titanium dioxide

Xylene

Pennsylvania RTK Substances (>1%):

Acetone

Butane

Ethyl Benzene

Propane

Titanium dioxide

Xylene

16. Other information

The information and recommendations contained herein are based upon data believed to be correct. However, no guarantee or warranty of any kind, expressed or implied, is made with respect to the information contained herein. We accept no responsibility and disclaim all liability for any harmful effects which may be caused by exposure to our products. Customers/users of this product must comply with all applicable health and safety laws, regulations, and orders.

The full text of the phrases appearing in section 3 is:

H220 Extremely flammable gas.

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H336 May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

The information provided on this SDS is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of publication. The information given is designed only as a guide for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal, and release and is not to be considered as a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other material in any process, unless specified in the text.

End of Document